## Independent Auditor's Report

## To the Board of Directors of Wipro Technologies Peru SAC

## Report on the Financial Statements

1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Wipro Technologies Peru SAC** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

2. Management is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements, that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) and other generally accepted accounting principles in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.
- 4. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by ICAI. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

- 5. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial controls relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- 6. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

## **Opinion**

7. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at 31 March 2017, and its profit (financial performance including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

#### Other matter

- 8. The comparative financial information for the year ended 31 March 2016 prepared in accordance with Ind AS included in these financial statements, is based on the previously issued financial statement for the year ended 31 March 2016 prepared in accordance with Accounting Standards issued by the ICAI which was audited by the predecessor auditor whose report dated 01 June 2016 expressed unmodified opinion on that financial statement, and have been adjusted for the differences in the accounting principles adopted by the Company on transition to Ind AS, which have been audited by us. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.
- 9. This report is intended solely for the information of the Company's and its ultimate holding company's board of directors and members as a body and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than specified parties. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company, the company's and ultimate holding company's board of directors and members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

## Sd/-

per Sanjay Banthia

Partner

Membership No.: 061068

Place: Bengaluru Date: 2 June 2017

## Wipro Technologies Peru S.A.C Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2017

(Amount in ₹ except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	857,329	371,320
Capital work-in-progress	_	1,976,427	-
	-	2,833,756	371,320
Current assets			
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	4	68,554,271	21,135,740
Cash and cash equivalents	5	11,595,961	26,530,196
Unbilled revenues		82,607,052	1,640,504
Current tax assets		-	340,764
Other current assets	6 _	-	14,984
	-	162,757,284	49,662,188
	- -	165,591,040	50,033,508
EQUITY			
Share capital	7	23,637,164	23,637,164
Other equity		42,079,251	13,413,995
Total equity	-	65,716,415	37,051,159
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	8	23,522,940	-
Trade payables	9	57,695,654	5,982,497
Other financial liabilities	10	5,643,695	3,262,995
Current tax liabilities		2,555,493	-
Other current liabilities	11 _	10,456,843	3,736,857
	-	99,874,625	12,982,349
	_ =	165,591,040	50,033,508
Summary of significant accounting policies.	2		
The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements	S.		

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Wipro Technologies Peru S.A.C

Sd/-Ankur Prakash Director

Place:

# Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2017 (Amount in ₹ except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2016
REVENUE			
Revenue from operations	12	155,379,847	42,894,094
Other income	13	1,520,772	
Total	<del>-</del>	156,900,619	42,894,094
EXPENSES			
Employee benefits expense	14	36,404,074	14,116,794
Finance costs	15	170,638	-
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3	563,961	183,291
Other expenses	16	79,317,722	14,563,710
Total Expenses	<u>-</u>	116,456,395	28,863,795
Profit before tax		40,444,224	14,030,299
Tax expense			
Current tax		12,184,162	-
Deferred tax	_	=	
	_	12,184,162	-
Profit for the period	=	28,260,062	14,030,299
Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassed to statement of profit or loss (Net of tax)			
Foreign currency translation differences	_	405,194	(616,304)
	_	405,194	(616,304)
Total comprehensive income for the period	<u>-</u>	28,665,256	13,413,995
Earnings per equity share (par value PEN 1 each)	17		
Basic		23.91	16.86
Diluted		23.91	16.86
Summary of significant accounting policies.	2		
The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.			

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Wipro Technologies Peru S.A.C

Sd/-Ankur Prakash Director

Place:

## Wipro Technologies Peru S.A.C Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31st March 2017

(Amount in ₹ except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

		Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2016
Cash flows from operating activities:		01 maron 2011	or maron zoro
Profit/ (Loss) before tax		28,260,062	14,030,299
Adjustments:		-,,	, ,
Depreciation and amortisation		563,961	183,291.0817
Exchange differences, net		779,476	(610,683.8038)
Interest on borrowings		170,638	-
Operating profit before working capital changes		29,774,137	13,602,906
Trade payables		52,009,017	5,982,497
Other current liabilities		8,958,596	6,999,852
Trade receivables		(47,624,957)	(21,135,740)
(Increase) / decrease in Unbilled revenue		(81,461,797)	(1,640,505)
(Increase) / decrease in other current assets		15,139	(14,984)
Net cash generated from / (used in) operations		(38,329,865)	3,794,027
Income taxes (paid) / refund, net		2,896,258	(340,764)
Net cash generated by / (used in) operating activities	(A)	(35,433,607)	3,453,263
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Acquisition of fixed assets (including capital advances, intangible assets and CWIP)	Э	(3,023,568)	(560,231)
Net cash from / (used in) investing activities	(B)	(3,023,568)	(560,231)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from short-term borrowings		23,522,940	-
Proceeds from issuance of common stock by subsidiary		-	23,637,164
Net cash used in financing activities	(C)	23,522,940	23,637,164
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents during the period	(A+B+C)	(14,934,235)	26,530,196
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		26,530,196	_
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	_	11,595,961	26,530,196
Components of cash and cash equivalents			
Balances with banks			
in current account		11,595,961	26,530,196
Total Cash and cash equivalents		11,595,961	26,530,196
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The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Wipro Technologies Peru S.A.C

Sd/-Ankur Prakash Director

Place:

# Wipro Technologies Peru S.A.C Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Amount in ₹ except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

**Equity share capital** 

Balance as at 01 April 2015	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31 March 2016
23,637,	164 -	23,637,164
Balance as at 01 April 2016	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31 March 2017

Other equity

Particulars	Retained earnings	Foreign currency translation reserve	Total
Balance as at 01 April 2015	-	-	-
Issue of share capital	-	-	-
Profit for the period	14,030,299	-	14,030,299
Exchange difference on foreign currency translation	-	(616,304)	(616,304)
Balance as at 31 March 2016	14,030,299	(616,304)	13,413,995
Profit for the period	28,260,062	-	28,260,062
Exchange difference on foreign currency translation	-	405,194	405,194
Balance as at 31 March 2017	42,290,361	(211,110)	42,079,251

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Wipro Technologies Peru S.A.C

Sd/-Ankur Prakash Director

Place:

## Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(Amount in INR except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

#### 1 Background

Wipro Technologies Peru S.A.C ("the Company") is a subsidiary of Wipro Information Technology Netherlands BV, incorporated and domiciled in Peru. The Company is provider of IT Services, including Business Process Services (BPS) services, globally and IT Products. The Company's ultimate holding company, Wipro Limited ("Wipro") is incorporated and domiciled in India.

## 2 Summary of significant accounting policies

## a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA'). The Company has uniformly applied the accounting policies during the periods presented.

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention and on accrual basis. Accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared to append with the financial statements of the ultimate holding company, to comply with the provisions of Section 137 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in India.

## b) Use of estimates and judgment

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IND AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from those estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

#### c) Foreign currency

#### **Functional currency**

The functional currency of the Company is the Peruvian Sol. These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees.

## **Transaction**

The Company is exposed to currency fluctuations on foreign currency transactions. Foreign currency transactions are accounted in the books of account at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary foreign currency assets and liabilities at period-end are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of Balance Sheet. The exchange difference between the rate at which foreign currency transactions are accounted and the rate at which they are re-measured/realized is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

## Translation

The functional currency of the Company is PEN and the reporting currency for these financial statements is INR. The translation of financial statements from the local currency to the reporting currency of the Company is performed for balance sheet accounts using the exchange rate in effect at the Balance sheet date and for revenue, expenses and cash flow items using a monthly average exchange rate for the respective periods and the resulted differences is presented as 'foreign currency translation reserve' included in 'Other equity' and 'Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents' included in 'cash flow statement', respectively.

#### d) Non-derivative Financial instruments

Non derivative financial instruments consist of:

- i) financial assets, which include cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, unbilled revenues, finance lease receivables, employee and other advances, investments in equity and debt securities and eligible current and non-current assets;
- ii) financial liabilities, which include long and short-term loans and borrowings, bank overdrafts, trade payables, eligible current and non-current liabilities

Non derivative financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value. Financial assets are derecognized when substantial risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset have been transferred. In cases where substantial risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets are neither transferred nor retained, financial assets are derecognized only when the Company has not retained control over the financial asset.

## Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(Amount in INR except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

Subsequent to initial recognition, non-derivative financial instruments are measured as described below:

#### i) Cash and cash equivalents:

The Company's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and in banks and demand deposits with banks, which can be withdrawn at any time, without prior notice or penalty on the principal.

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, in banks and demand deposits with banks, net of outstanding bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and are considered part of the Company's cash management system. In the statement of financial position, bank overdrafts are presented under borrowings within current liabilities.

#### ii) Other financial assets

Other financial assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are presented as current assets, except for those maturing later than 12 months after the reporting date which are presented as non-current assets. These are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. These comprise trade receivables, unbilled revenues, cash and cash equivalents and other assets.

## iii) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognized at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. For these financial instruments, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short term maturity of these instruments.

## e) Equity

#### i) Share capital

Every holder of the equity shares, as reflected in the records of the Company as of the date of the shareholder meeting shall have one vote in respect of each share held for all matters submitted to vote in the shareholder meeting.

#### ii) Retained earnings

Retained earnings comprises of the Company's undistributed earnings after taxes.

## iii) Other comprehensive income

Changes in the fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and actuarial gains and losses on defined benefit plans are recognized in other comprehensive income (net of taxes), and presented within equity in other reserves.

## iv) Foreign currency translation reserve

The exchange differences arising from the translation of financial statements of foreign operations with functional currency other than Indian rupees is presented within equity in the FCTR.

## f) Property, plant and equipment

Recognition and measurement

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditures directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the construction of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of the cost.

## Depreciation

The Company depreciates property, plant and equipment over the estimated useful life on a straight-line basis from the date the assets are available for use. Assets acquired under finance lease and leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of estimated useful life of the asset or the related lease term. Term licenses are amortized over their respective contract term. Freehold land is not depreciated. The estimated useful life of assets are reviewed and where appropriate are adjusted, annually. The estimated useful lives of assets are as follows:

Category Useful life

Plant & machinery 2 to 7 years

## Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(Amount in INR except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

#### g) Employee benefits

#### Compensated absences

The employees of the Company are entitled to compensated absences. The employees can carry forward a portion of the unutilized accumulating compensated absences and utilize it in future periods or receive cash at retirement or termination of employment. The Company records an obligation for compensated absences in the period in which the employee renders the services that increases this entitlement. The Company measures the expected cost of compensated absences as the additional amount that the Company expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the end of the reporting period. The Company recognizes accumulated compensated absences based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. Non-accumulating compensated absences are recognized in the period in which the absences occur.

#### Pension and social contribution

Pension and social contribution plan, a defined contribution scheme, the Company makes monthly contributions based on a specified percentage of each covered employee's salary.

## h) Provisions and contingencies

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is

#### i) Revenue

The Company derives revenue primarily from software development, maintenance of software/hardware and related services, business process services, sale of IT and other products.

#### Services:

#### a. Time and material contracts

Revenues and costs relating to time and material contracts are recognized as the related services are rendered.

#### b. Fixed Price contracts

Revenues from fixed-price contracts, including systems development and integration contracts are recognized using the "percentage-of-completion" method. Percentage of completion is determined based on project costs incurred to date as a percentage of total estimated project costs required to complete the project. The cost expended (or input) method has been used to measure progress towards completion as there is a direct relationship between input and productivity. If the Company does not have a sufficient basis to measure the progress of completion or to estimate the total contract revenues and costs, revenue is recognized only to the extent of contract cost incurred for which recoverability is probable. When total cost estimates exceed revenues in an arrangement, the estimated losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which such losses become probable based on the current contract estimates.

#### Other income:

Interest is recognized using the time proportion method, based on the rates implicit in the transaction.

## j) Finance and other income

Finance and other income comprises interest income on deposits, dividend income and gains / (losses) etc. Interest income is recognized using the effective interest method.

## Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(Amount in INR except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

#### k) Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to a business combination, or items directly recognized in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current income tax for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities based on the taxable income for the period. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the current tax amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date and applicable for the period. The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and liability simultaneously.

Deferred income tax is recognized using the balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in financial statements, except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profits or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized to the extent it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences except in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and foreign branches where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The Company offsets deferred income tax assets and liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities, and they relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity, or on different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

## I) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period adjusted for treasury shares held. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted-average number of equity and dilutive equivalent shares outstanding during the period, using the treasury stock method for options and warrants, except where the results would be anti-dilutive.

## m) Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit/(loss) for the year is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

# Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (Amount in ₹ except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

## 3 Property, plant and equipment

Particulars Particulars	Plant & machinery	Total
Gross block		
Balance as at 01 April 2015	-	-
Additions during the year	560,231	560,231
Disposals during the year	-	-
Translation adjustment	(8,354)	(8,354)
Balance as at 31 March 2016	551,877	551,877
Additions during the year	1,047,141	1,047,141
Disposals during the year	<del>-</del>	-
Translation adjustment	2,177	2,177
Balance as at 31 March 2017	1,601,194	1,601,194
Accumulated depreciation		
Balance as at 01 April 2015	-	-
Charge for the year	183,291	183,291
Disposals/Adjustment	<del>-</del>	-
Translation adjustment	(2,734)	(2,734)
Balance as at 31 March 2016	180,557	180,557
Charge for the year	563,961	563,961
Disposals/Adjustment	-	-
Translation adjustment	(652)	(652)
Balance as at 31 March 2017	743,866	743,866
Net block		
Balance as at 01 April 2015	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2016	371,320	371,320
Balance as at 31 March 2017	857,329	857,329

(Amount in ₹ except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
4 Trade receivable		
(Unsecured)		
Considered good	68,554,271	21,135,740
Considered doubtful		- 04 405 740
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	68,554,271	21,135,740
Ecss. 1 Tovision for doubtful receivables	68,554,271	21,135,740
	As at	As at
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
5 Cash and cash equivalent		
Balances with banks		
In current accounts	11,595,961	26,530,196
	11,595,961	26,530,196
	As at	As at
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
6 Other assets		01
Current		
Advance to suppliers	<u> </u>	14,984
	<del>-</del>	14,984
	As at	As at
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
7 Share capital		
Authorised capital		
1,181,940 (2015: Nil) Common stock of PEN 1 each	23,637,164	23,637,164
	23,637,164	23,637,164
	As at	As at
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up capital		
1,181,940 (2015: Nil) Common stock of PEN 1 each	23,637,164	23,637,164
	23,637,164	23,637,164
	A n. nd	A = -4
	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
8 Borrowings	31 March 2017	31 Walch 2010
(Unsecured)		
Current		
Loan from group companies (refer note 18)	23,344,200	-
Cash credit	178,740	-
	23,522,940	-

(Amount in ₹ except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
9 Trade payables		
Trade payables	146,113	5,982,497
Accrued expenses	4,249,848	-
Balance dues to group companies (refer note 18)	53,299,693	-
	57,695,654	5,982,497
	As at	As at
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
10 Other financial liabilities  Current		_
Interest accrued and due on borrowings (refer note 18)	169,508	
Accrued salaries and wages	3,298,659	
Other liabilities	3,729	75,268
Balance dues to group companies (refer note 18)	2,171,799	3,187,727
	5,643,695	3,262,995
	As at	As at
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
11 Other liabilities		
Current		
Statutory liabilities	10,456,843	3,736,857
	10,456,843	3,736,857

(Amount in ₹ except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

		Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2016
12	Revenue from Operations		
	Sale of services	155,379,847	42,894,094
	Revenue from operations (gross)	155,379,847	42,894,094
		Vaanandad	Vaarandad
		Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2016
13	Other Income	31 Walch 2017	31 Warch 2016
	Interest income	9,400	-
	Other exchange differences, net	1,511,372	-
		1,520,772	-
		Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2017	31 March 2016
14	Employee benefits expense		
	Salaries and wages	34,551,346	12,524,097
	Contribution to provident and other funds	1,793,797	1,592,298
	Staff welfare expenses	58,931 <b>36,404,074</b>	399
		30,404,074	14,116,794
		Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2017	31 March 2016
15	Finance costs		
	Interest expense	170,638	-
		170,638	-
		Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2017	
40	Other sympace	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
16	Other expenses		
16	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application	66,960,379	1,745,712
16	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application Travel	66,960,379 362,766	
16	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application Travel Repairs and Maintenance	66,960,379 362,766 803	1,745,712
16	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application Travel	66,960,379 362,766	1,745,712
16	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application Travel Repairs and Maintenance Management fees	66,960,379 362,766 803 925,566	1,745,712 545,886 - -
16	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application Travel Repairs and Maintenance Management fees Communication Advertisement and sales promotion Legal and professional charges	66,960,379 362,766 803 925,566 175,440	1,745,712 545,886 - 167,023 31,893 10,078,052
16	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application Travel Repairs and Maintenance Management fees Communication Advertisement and sales promotion Legal and professional charges Staff recruitment	66,960,379 362,766 803 925,566 175,440 198,095 9,434,434	1,745,712 545,886 - 167,023 31,893 10,078,052 1,608,906
16	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application Travel Repairs and Maintenance Management fees Communication Advertisement and sales promotion Legal and professional charges Staff recruitment Rates and taxes	66,960,379 362,766 803 925,566 175,440 198,095	1,745,712 545,886 - 167,023 31,893 10,078,052 1,608,906 137,877
16	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application Travel Repairs and Maintenance Management fees Communication Advertisement and sales promotion Legal and professional charges Staff recruitment Rates and taxes Other exchange differences, net	66,960,379 362,766 803 925,566 175,440 198,095 9,434,434 - 357,063	1,745,712 545,886 - 167,023 31,893 10,078,052 1,608,906 137,877 184,697
16	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application Travel Repairs and Maintenance Management fees Communication Advertisement and sales promotion Legal and professional charges Staff recruitment Rates and taxes	66,960,379 362,766 803 925,566 175,440 198,095 9,434,434 - 357,063 - 903,176	1,745,712 545,886 - 167,023 31,893 10,078,052 1,608,906 137,877 184,697 63,664
16	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application Travel Repairs and Maintenance Management fees Communication Advertisement and sales promotion Legal and professional charges Staff recruitment Rates and taxes Other exchange differences, net	66,960,379 362,766 803 925,566 175,440 198,095 9,434,434 - 357,063	1,745,712 545,886 - 167,023 31,893 10,078,052 1,608,906 137,877 184,697
16	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application Travel Repairs and Maintenance Management fees Communication Advertisement and sales promotion Legal and professional charges Staff recruitment Rates and taxes Other exchange differences, net	66,960,379 362,766 803 925,566 175,440 198,095 9,434,434 - 357,063 - 903,176 79,317,722	1,745,712 545,886 - 167,023 31,893 10,078,052 1,608,906 137,877 184,697 63,664 14,563,710
16	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application Travel Repairs and Maintenance Management fees Communication Advertisement and sales promotion Legal and professional charges Staff recruitment Rates and taxes Other exchange differences, net	66,960,379 362,766 803 925,566 175,440 198,095 9,434,434 - 357,063 - 903,176	1,745,712 545,886 - 167,023 31,893 10,078,052 1,608,906 137,877 184,697 63,664
16	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application Travel Repairs and Maintenance Management fees Communication Advertisement and sales promotion Legal and professional charges Staff recruitment Rates and taxes Other exchange differences, net	66,960,379 362,766 803 925,566 175,440 198,095 9,434,434 - 357,063 - 903,176 79,317,722  Year ended	1,745,712 545,886 - - 167,023 31,893 10,078,052 1,608,906 137,877 184,697 63,664 14,563,710
	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application Travel Repairs and Maintenance Management fees Communication Advertisement and sales promotion Legal and professional charges Staff recruitment Rates and taxes Other exchange differences, net Miscellaneous expenses	66,960,379 362,766 803 925,566 175,440 198,095 9,434,434 - 357,063 - 903,176 79,317,722  Year ended	1,745,712 545,886 - - 167,023 31,893 10,078,052 1,608,906 137,877 184,697 63,664 14,563,710
	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application Travel Repairs and Maintenance Management fees Communication Advertisement and sales promotion Legal and professional charges Staff recruitment Rates and taxes Other exchange differences, net Miscellaneous expenses  Earning per share (EPS) Net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders	66,960,379 362,766 803 925,566 175,440 198,095 9,434,434 - 357,063 - 903,176 79,317,722  Year ended 31 March 2017	1,745,712 545,886 - - 167,023 31,893 10,078,052 1,608,906 137,877 184,697 63,664 14,563,710 Year ended 31 March 2016
	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application Travel Repairs and Maintenance Management fees Communication Advertisement and sales promotion Legal and professional charges Staff recruitment Rates and taxes Other exchange differences, net Miscellaneous expenses  Earning per share (EPS) Net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders  Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year for	66,960,379 362,766 803 925,566 175,440 198,095 9,434,434 - 357,063 - 903,176 79,317,722  Year ended 31 March 2017	1,745,712 545,886 - - 167,023 31,893 10,078,052 1,608,906 137,877 184,697 63,664 14,563,710 Year ended 31 March 2016
	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application Travel Repairs and Maintenance Management fees Communication Advertisement and sales promotion Legal and professional charges Staff recruitment Rates and taxes Other exchange differences, net Miscellaneous expenses  Earning per share (EPS) Net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders  Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year for Basic	66,960,379 362,766 803 925,566 175,440 198,095 9,434,434 - 357,063 - 903,176 79,317,722  Year ended 31 March 2017 28,260,062	1,745,712 545,886 - - 167,023 31,893 10,078,052 1,608,906 137,877 184,697 63,664 14,563,710 Year ended 31 March 2016
	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application Travel Repairs and Maintenance Management fees Communication Advertisement and sales promotion Legal and professional charges Staff recruitment Rates and taxes Other exchange differences, net Miscellaneous expenses  Earning per share (EPS) Net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders  Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year for	66,960,379 362,766 803 925,566 175,440 198,095 9,434,434 - 357,063 - 903,176 79,317,722  Year ended 31 March 2017	1,745,712 545,886 - - 167,023 31,893 10,078,052 1,608,906 137,877 184,697 63,664 14,563,710 Year ended 31 March 2016
	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application Travel Repairs and Maintenance Management fees Communication Advertisement and sales promotion Legal and professional charges Staff recruitment Rates and taxes Other exchange differences, net Miscellaneous expenses  Earning per share (EPS) Net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders  Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year for Basic Diluted	66,960,379 362,766 803 925,566 175,440 198,095 9,434,434 - 357,063 - 903,176 79,317,722  Year ended 31 March 2017 28,260,062	1,745,712 545,886 - - 167,023 31,893 10,078,052 1,608,906 137,877 184,697 63,664 14,563,710 Year ended 31 March 2016
	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application Travel Repairs and Maintenance Management fees Communication Advertisement and sales promotion Legal and professional charges Staff recruitment Rates and taxes Other exchange differences, net Miscellaneous expenses  Earning per share (EPS) Net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders  Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year for Basic Diluted  Earnings/ (loss) per equity share of par value PEN 1 each	66,960,379 362,766 803 925,566 175,440 198,095 9,434,434 - 357,063 - 903,176 79,317,722  Year ended 31 March 2017 28,260,062	1,745,712 545,886 - - 167,023 31,893 10,078,052 1,608,906 137,877 184,697 63,664 14,563,710 Year ended 31 March 2016
	Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application Travel Repairs and Maintenance Management fees Communication Advertisement and sales promotion Legal and professional charges Staff recruitment Rates and taxes Other exchange differences, net Miscellaneous expenses  Earning per share (EPS) Net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders  Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year for Basic Diluted	66,960,379 362,766 803 925,566 175,440 198,095 9,434,434 - 357,063 - 903,176 79,317,722  Year ended 31 March 2017  28,260,062  1,181,940 1,181,940	1,745,712 545,886 - 167,023 31,893 10,078,052 1,608,906 137,877 184,697 63,664 14,563,710 Year ended 31 March 2016 14,030,299 832,162 832,162

(Amount in ₹ except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

## 18 Related party disclosure

## i) List of related parties and relationships

Nature of relationship Name of the related party

Ultimate Holding Company Wipro Limited

Holding company Wipro Information Technology Netherlands BV

Fellow Subsidiary Wipro Cyprus Private Limited
Fellow subsidiary Wipro Technologies Canada Ltd

## ii) The Company had the following significant transactions with related parties:

Relationship	Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2016
Ultimate Holding Company	55,629,467	649,275
Fellow Subsidiary	36,428	-
Fellow Subsidiary	-	2,538,452
Fellow Subsidiary	23,344,200	-
Fellow Subsidiary	170,638	-
	Ultimate Holding Company Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary	Relationship  31 March 2017  Ultimate Holding Company Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary  Fellow Subsidiary  Fellow Subsidiary  Fellow Subsidiary  23,344,200

## iii) Balances with related parties as at year end are summarised below\*

Particulars	Relationship	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Payables			
Wipro Limited	Ultimate Holding company	55,471,491	649,275
Wipro Cyprus Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	-	2,538,452
Loan payable Wipro Technologies Canada Ltd	Fellow Subsidiary	23,344,200	_
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Interest payable Wipro Technologies Canada Ltd	Fellow Subsidiary	169,508	-

#### 19 Income tax

The reconciliation between provision of income tax and amounts computed by applying the statutory income tax rate applicable in Peru to profit before taxes is as follows

	Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2017
Profit before taxes	40,444,224	14,030,299
Enacted income tax rate	28%	28%
Computed expected tax expense	11,324,383	3,928,484
Effect of:		
Income taxed at higher/ (lower) rates	-	(3,928,484)
Expenses disallowed for tax purposes	-	-
Others, net	859,779	-
Total income tax expense	12,184,162	-

(Amount in ₹ except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

#### 20 Financial risk management

#### Interest rate risk

The Company's borrowings are primarily from group companies and no market borrowings/ borrowings at floating interest rates, so no exposure to interest rate risks.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that customers may not be able to settle their obligations as agreed. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses the financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends, analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivables. Individual risk limits are set accordingly. There is no significant concentration of credit risk.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. The Company's corporate treasury department is responsible for liquidity and funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the Company's net liquidity position through rolling forecasts on the basis of expected cash flows. As of 31 March 2017, cash and cash equivalents are held with major banks and financial institutions.

#### 21 First time adoption

These financial statements of Wipro Technologies Peru S.A.C for the year ended 31 March 2017, have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS. This is the Company's first set of financial statements in accordance with Ind AS. For the purposes of transition to Ind AS, the Company has followed the guidance prescribed in Ind AS 101 - First Time adoption of Indian Accounting Standard with 01 April 2015, as the transition date and IGAAP as the previous GAAP.

The transition to Ind AS has resulted in changes in the presentation of the financial statements, disclosures in the notes thereto and accounting policies and principles. The accounting policies set out in Note 2 have been applied in preparing the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017, and the comparative information.

Owing to the nature and size of the Company's operations, there was no significant impact identified from adopting IND AS on the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss. Accordingly, no reconciliation of differences between IND AS and Indian GAAP is being presented.

22 Previous year's amounts have been regrouped/ reclassified wherever necessary to conform to the current year's presentation.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Wipro Technologies Peru S.A.C

Sd/-Ankur Prakash Director

Place: